AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (Original): A catheter assembly which includes: at least one introducer, the at least one introducer defining at least one passage;

an elongate tubular member slidably received within the at least one passage of the at least one introducer, the tubular member having a proximal end and a distal end and at least one lumen extending between the proximal end and the distal end; and

an elongate, shape-imparting element received in the at least one lumen of the tubular member, the shape-imparting element imparting a predetermined shape to the distal end of the tubular member when the distal end of the tubular member is extended beyond a distal end of the introducer, a distal end of the shape-imparting element extending from the at least one lumen of the tubular member and being anchored proximally a distal end of the introducer.

Claim 2 (Original): The assembly of claim 1 in which a proximal end of the shape- imparting element is connectable to a control mechanism which, in use, applies torsion to the shape-imparting element to effect adjustment of the predetermined shape of the distal end of the tubular member.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended) The assembly of claim 1 or claim 2 in which the predetermined shape imparted to the distal end of the tubular member is a loop formation.

Claim 4 (Original): The assembly of claim 3 in which the tubular member forms a cranked arm when it is extended from its introducer, the cranked arm being arranged transversely with respect to a longitudinal axis of the introducer and the cranked arm leading into a spiral shape forming the loop formation.

Claim 5 (Original): The assembly of claim 4 in which the spiral shape circumscribes at least 360°.

Claim 6 (Original): The assembly of claim 4 in which the spiral shape circumscribes about 540°.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The assembly of any one of claim[[s]] 4 [[to 6]]in which the cranked arm extends from the end of the introducer at an included angle of about, or exceeding, 90° to facilitate the formation of a substantially planar loop formation at the distal end of the I introducer.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The assembly of any one of the preceding-claim[[s]] 1 in which the assembly includes at least two introducers, each introducer having a tubular member associated with it.

Claim 9 (Original): The assembly of claim 8 in which a first introducer is received within a passage of a second introducer, a second tubular member, associated with the second introducer, being slidably received within a passage of the second introducer.

Claim 10 (Original): The assembly of claim 9 in which the second tubular member is carried on a shape-imparting element received within a lumen of the second tubular member so that the second tubular member is able to be formed into a second predetermined shape when the second tubular member is extended from the second introducer.

Claim 11 (Original): The assembly of claim 10 in which the shapeimparting element associated with the second tubular member extends beyond a distalled of the second tubular member. Claim 12 (Original): The assembly of claim 11 in which a distal end of the second shape- imparting element is anchored distally with respect to the distal end of the second tubular member but proximally with respect to the distal end of the first introducer.

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Claim 13 (Original): The assembly of claim 12 in which an anchor point of the first shape- imparting element is in register with an anchor point of the second shape- imparting element.

Claim 14 (Original): The- assembly of claim 13 in which both anchor points are arranged on the first introducer.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The assembly of any one of claim[[s]] 10 [[to 14]] in which each shape-imparting element is in the form of a shape memory alloy wire.

Claim 16 (Original): A catheter assembly which includes: at least one introducer, the at least one introducer defining a passage; an elongate, tubular member slidably received within the passage of the at least one introducer, the tubular member having a proximal end and a distal end and a lumen extending between the proximal end and the distal end; and

an elongate, shape-imparting element received in the lumen of the tubular member, a distal end of the shape-imparting element extending beyond a distal end of the tubular member and being anchored proximally a distal end of the introducer, the arrangement being such that, when a distal portion of the tubular member is extended beyond the distal end of the introducer, the shape-imparting element imparts, to the distal portion of the tubular member, a cranked arm portion extending transversely I relative to a longitudinal axis of the introducer and a loop

formation supported on the: arm portion so that torsion imparted to a proximal end of the shape- imparting element causes rotation of the arm portion about the longitudinal axis of the introducer to effect adjustment of a diameter of the loop formation of the distal portion of the tubular member.